

BUSINESS CARDS.

Z. M. MANSUR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
And Solicitor in Chancery,
Island Pond, Vermont.

H. W. LUND.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Canaan, Vermont.
Business by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

F. D. HALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Lunenburg, Vt.

A. FRED R. EVANS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office over Post Office, Gorham, N. H.
All business by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

A. W. SCOTT.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at Residence of A. E. White
LUNENBURG, VT.

BATES & MAY.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Main Street, opposite Post Office,
St. Johnsbury, Vt.

A. ELIE.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Island Pond, Vt.
Office at residence on Cross Street.

C. D. NICHOLS.
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER.
Cross Street, - - Island Pond, Vt.

M. C. DAVID.
DEPUTY SHERIFF.
Office at the Essex House, - - Island Pond, Vt.
GEO. H. SMITH. J. W. PALMER.

SMITH & PALMER,
Wholesale -:- Lumber,
Northampton, Mass.
Room No. 6, Columbian Building
References - Hampshire County National Bank.

Dental Notice.
I make Artificial Teeth without rubber or metal plates.
Gold Crowns, Plain Crowns and Bridge Work a specialty.
DR. R. G. FLETCHER, Dentist,
243 Middle St., - - Portland, Me.

L. W. STEVENS.
DEPUTY SHERIFF
For Orleans County. Office at J. R. Sweet's,
EAST CHARLESTON, VERMONT.

W. W. ORENEY.
BARBER,
Island Pond House, Island Pond, Vt.
Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing and Dyeing. Cutting Men's and Children's Hair a specialty. Razors thoroughly honed.

MELCHER -:- HOUSE,
GROVETON, N. H. - Proprietors
Patrons conveyed to and from Station free
Livery Stable and Coach.

L. H. JENKS.
DENTIST.
JENKS'S BLOCK, COATCOOK, P. O.
At Essex House, Island Pond, Vt., on
the first Wednesday in each month.

MONADNOCK HOUSE,
COLMBROOK, N. H.,
T. G. ROWAN, - PROPRIETOR.

First-class Livery connected with the House.
This Hotel is pleasantly located in one of the most flourishing villages in Northern New Hampshire, and having been thoroughly refurnished and refitted, offers great inducements to Summer Tourists. The House is filled throughout with clean beds and all the latest conveniences.

New York Life remarks: "The many thousands of Americans who are disgusted with the sickening details of vivisection are not deceived by the old argument of sacrificing animals to save human life. If that were the question we should hold very different views on the subject. As it happens, however, the amiable vivisectioner, in ninety-nine experiments out of a hundred, has no more thought of saving human life than has the professional bull-fighter in killing his animal. It is entertainment, pure and simple. A live animal quivering on a table gives a keen edge to a lecture, and furnishes more interest to the students than any number of dry words. To a scientist so constituted as to enjoy this form of sport, the shrinking of sensitive nerves from knife and pincers affords a pleasant excitement that no dead body can possibly supply."

Essex County Herald.

"The Harney stone at the World's Fair was a sham rock," according to the Rochester Post-Express.

The production of cotton yarns in Japan has increased from 1,000,000 pounds in 1888 to 64,000,000 in 1892.

Three-fourths of the earth's surface is unfit for cultivation on account of mountain ranges, deserts, swamps and barren ground.

Something like \$100,000,000 is now invested in cotton mills in the South, as compared with \$61,000,000 in 1890 and \$22,000,000 in 1880. There has been an increase of about 450 per cent. since 1880 in capital, spindles and looms.

President Eliot, of Harvard, says that there is scarcely a single subject taught nowadays in the same way that was taught thirty years ago and that even law, the most conservative of studies, is now treated in an entirely different method from that which prevailed in former years. The method, he adds, is being adopted all over the country and is making its way into the English universities. Then, too, the teaching of the sciences and languages has been greatly changed.

Some queer stories are told by the Chicago Herald about the United States cruiser Charleston. The plans were purchased in England and now it turns out that they were a very sorry lot of drawings. Not only that, but the machinery plans were so defective that the entire scheme of motive power for the ship had to be remodelled. The English plans were practically of no account, and hence the charge that the Charleston is a ship of English design is absolutely without foundation.

New York is now wondering at the arrest of an express robber in a way that, in the opinion of the St. Louis Star-Savings, wipes out all the detective stories in which Sherlock Holmes, Vidocq, Lecocq and their kind figure. More than \$30,000 was stolen from an express package in transit. The company had possession of the envelope which contained the key to the safe from which the money was taken. This envelope had thumb marks on the seals which had been broken. Impressions of the right thumb of seven men who had handled the envelope were taken, and an official of the company was held in \$10,000 bail on the evidence furnished by the microscope of the lines in his right thumb.

A correspondent of the American Dairyman asks for the annual value of the agricultural products of the country. The question is one of the most difficult to answer. The census of 1890 does not do it satisfactorily, and since that date the aggregate value of farm production has steadily increased. President Harrison, in one of his latest messages, estimated it at \$4,500,000,000 annually. The present Secretary of Agriculture, in his late report, is silent on this point, although he does say that there are six millions of farms in the country on which thirty millions of the population live. Our opinion is that the Secretary's estimate of the number of farms exceeded by a full million the actual figures. To answer our friend's query, nothing better than an approximate estimate can be offered, and his own is about as valuable as any other. The whole thing is mere guesswork.

The cost of transportation has been on the decline for the last ten or twelve years, and even for a much longer period, remarks the Boston Cultivator. The decline in rates per ton per mile on all the railroads of the country has been from 1.236 cents to .967 cents from 1882 to 1892. The decline for this period was the least in the middle and central northern States, and the greatest in the South Atlantic and Gulf States and the northwestern States. The latter embraced the Granger systems. The result of these heavy declines has been disastrous in many instances, being more than the railroads could bear. It goes to show, however, that the cost of transportation is downward, which is an important factor in the cost of merchandise. Time and cost per mile of transportation are great agencies in equalizing prices in different markets.

The Indians who have been tried as soldiers have been found wanting. What they want mostly is rations, according to the San Francisco Examiner.

AT IT AGAIN.

Mello's Fleet Bombarding Rio Grande.

Terrible Slaughter of the Loyal Troops at San Toine.

Correspondents in Rio Grande do Sul send word that Admiral Mello's fleet, which sailed from Desiderio to meet President Pexoto's squadron forces, arrived at the bar of Rio Grande. Soon after the fleet was in front of the city the big guns on the Apollonia and Republics were brought into action. The city was bombarded, and was under fire when the correspondent sent his dispatch. Forces which had been landed from transports were sent ahead to attack Fort Mello.

General Tavares has resigned the command of the revolutionary army in Rio Grande do Sul in favor of Colonel Pina, who has recognized Mello's government. General Guimaraes Saravia has been proclaimed chief of the revolutionary forces.

A dispatch from San Toine announces the defeat of President Pexoto's garrison near Santa Borgia. The revolutionary forces surprised the loyal troops and blew up the citadel where they were quartered. The slaughter resulting was terrible. All the loyal troops who escaped took refuge in Argentina. Passengers from Paraguayan arriving on the steamer Euzepa Baner, confirmed the report previously published of the evacuation of Pexoto by Saravia, and that President Pexoto has captured Itapira. The passengers also bring news of the flight of Boria, the old governor of Parana, from Carity Bay, and Mello's virtual abandonment of Parana.

Arrested For Whaler's Murder.
Ellie Whalen, alias Cox, and Mrs. Rose Fournier were arrested at Burlington, Vt., by Sheriff Reeves and Deputy Sheriff, charged with the murder of Alfred Whalen on Oct. 14 last. It was stated at the time of Whalen's death that he died of gasconstriction. He was sick but two days and died in great distress. An analysis of the stomach of the deceased was made by Prof. Whitthaus of New York, and the above arrest is the result of evidence thus obtained. Mr. Whalen was a prominent witness for the state in the coming trial.

Colorado Shutting Out Sheep.
A proclamation has been issued by Governor White of Colorado forbidding entrance into the state from Utah of sheep and cattle. A small herd of sheep, which had been driven into Colorado, and Colorado cattle men are credited with threatening to maintain the quarantine for ten days. More than a thousand sheep are now crossing the state line at various points and all classes of citizens are preparing to resist their movements. Sheep have been driven into the state from Nevada and the approaching herds would also run the Grand River country in Colorado and put the situation very serious.

The Crew Saved.
The three-masted schooner H. M. Church, Captain Alfred, of New Bedford, Mass., from Philadelphia to Fall River, loaded with 78 tons of coal, struck the bar opposite the Mexico life saving station, Levee No. 1, on Sunday last. Her lights were seen by patrolmen, who answered with their signal light. The lifeboat was quickly launched and amid the heavy breakers and the blowing snow storm, the crew pulled to the schooner and brought ashore the captain, mate and the crew, seven in all. The H. M. Church was built in Bath, Me., in 1874, and her principal owner is E. R. Kelly of New Bedford. She will prove a total loss.

Remains a Mystery.
Medical Examiner Finkham has filed his report of his autopsy on the death of Minnie J. Handspiker, who died at Salem, Mass., under suspicious circumstances. He states that neither of the principal owners, E. R. Kelly, brother of the deceased, could give an opinion, however, that death was caused by an overdose of ergot, administered to produce abortion. This substance cannot be detected by the chemical tests, but there was a blackened substance in the stomach, which in other resembled ergot.

THE LABOR WORLD.
GERMANY THIS GOVERNMENT lunch rooms. A rosin mason in Ceylon can earn \$3.20 per week.
Boston stair builders will open a trade school.
CO-OPERATIVE banks are increasing in England.
POLICEMEN IN SAGINAW receive \$261 a year as salary.
LOWELL (MASS.) unions demand city work for the idle.
DETROIT labor unions have a library and reading room.
MICHIGAN building trades workers average \$4.69 per year.
The master horsehoes of St. Louis have declared a lockout of the journeymen.
THE NATIONAL Longshoremen's Association of the United States has thirty local branches.
EIGHT THOUSAND miners are out of work in Birmingham, England; owing to a cut in wages.
All of the unmarried men at the New Central Coal Mines, Cumberland, Md., have been discharged.
The pay of organizers of the Bakers' and Confectioners' International Union has been fixed at \$5 per day.

Epitome of Foreign Events.
Timothy Reilly, the anti-Parnellite, is said to be trying to form a party of his own.
The sanitary condition of the Portuguese war ships Minello and Alfonso de Albuquerque is so bad that the Argentine government has insisted that on board the vessels be landed at the Lazaretto or that the vessels depart.
THE Japanese portion of the dwellers on the Hawaiian Islands is giving the Provisional Government much trouble by their hostile attitude.
The long missing man, known as "Scott," was found in the city of London, England, having been captured by the police of London, Eng. A reward had been offered for his capture.

One of the Men Drowned.
Although it was storming severely, five men operated successfully to raise a rowboat from Lawrence, Mass., to enjoy a king of beer. They were William Russell, Joseph Ainsley, Charles Roundley, Thomas Jennings and another whose name could not be ascertained. They spent the day near Donora, where they had struck him a stunning blow on the head which felled him to the ground. Then they went through his pockets and made off with all the money he had about him, \$8. Although somewhat dazed by the suddenness of the onslaught he did not lose consciousness and was able to give the police an excellent description of each of his assailants.

Knocked Down and Robbed.
W. S. May of Lynn, Mass., was knocked down and robbed of \$8. The robbery and assault occurred at the corner of Boston street and North Bond. All unimpaired of the impending assault Mr. May was walking toward his home when three men jumped out of the shadow. Before he could offer any resistance they had struck him a stunning blow on the head which felled him to the ground. Then they went through his pockets and made off with all the money he had about him, \$8. Although somewhat dazed by the suddenness of the onslaught he did not lose consciousness and was able to give the police an excellent description of each of his assailants.

CONDENSED NEWS OF THE DAY.

Domestic News in Brief.

A large, lively stable in West Troy, N. Y., was burned and 30 horses perished.
James Gardner, ex-associate justice of Baltimore, Pa., died of a lung disease, at a house, in death, aged 87.
The "unknown" commander of the Coney forces at Denver, Col., is Major W. P. Clarke of the second battalion, C. N. G.

Five fishermen were fishing in the Chattahoochee river, near Marietta, Ga., when their boat capsized, and all except one man went down.

President Tilden has called a special meeting of the national republican league executive committee to meet at Washington on April 22.

Governor Hoag of Texas has issued a proclamation declaring quarantine, to take effect May 1, against all places south of 25 degrees north latitude.

Attorney A. S. Trade of Chicago, says that the prosecution in the Prendergast case may ask the court to deal with the assassin as if he had escaped.

Broker Herman Clark of the firm of Hunter, Clark & Jones, New York, is charged for Frances H. Hunter, a member of the firm, with embezzling \$50,000.

Taylor, the Cornell student, who refused to testify in the recent coroner's investigation, has been released from jail. He says he will endeavor to be rehabilitated in the university.

It is not known how much long Congressmen Wilson will remain at San Antonio, Tex. He continues to improve and has gained several pounds in flesh, but the cough has not left him.

Ben King, the poet and humorist, was found dead in bed at his room in the Morehead House, at Bowling Green, Ky. His body was sent to his home at St. Joseph, Me., for burial.

The funeral of Mrs. William Wegge was stopped, left for Washington, D. C., and Joseph Reinwald arrested. The police suspect that Mrs. Wegge died under suspicious circumstances.

The Boston Towboat company, for the franchise to tow the icebreaker, has been paid \$5,500 by the government in reimbursement for the expense of sending the Orion to Honolulu reef.

London will be held for the killing of Norman, Cay for the killing of Redmond, Redmond killed Pepper. These are decisions of the coroner's jury at Darlington, S. C., against the distillery war.

Richard Wistar, the remaining one of the eccentric millionaire Wistar family, died suddenly at Atlantic City, N. J., from the effects of Bright's disease. His estate is valued at \$3,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

The coroner's jury examined witnesses at the funeral of William Wegge, who died at New York, dropped dead in the penitentiary at the sight of his father, who he had not seen since his confinement on Blackwell's Island.

John Smith, a baker, aged 50 years, fatally injured his wife by fracturing her skull with a brick, when she was cutting bread, in New York City. He was arrested by the police and is held for trial.

William Rooney, one of the election inspectors who were arrested several weeks ago at New York, dropped dead in the penitentiary at the sight of his father, who he had not seen since his confinement on Blackwell's Island.

Lois A. Thurston, Hawaiian minister, married Hattie E. Potter at St. Joseph, Me. The wedding was informal. Mr. and Mrs. Thurston, accompanied by the latter's mother, left for Washington, D. C., they will sail for Honolulu shortly.

The lower house of the Iowa legislature passed a joint resolution for the resumption of a constitutional amendment prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquor in Iowa. The amendment is to allow manufacturing of liquors, and passed it, 29 to 17.

The Iowa senate passed the house bill conferring on women the right to vote for town, city and school officers, and on all questions relating to bonds. This is the first time in Iowa that women have been given the right to vote. The vote was 29 to 20, with three absentees.

The grain laden steamer Majestic has arrived at Detroit, Mich., with the forward rigging of the schooner Theodore Voies caught upon her forward upper works. Hugh McCaffrey, brother of the Argentine government, was struck by some of the rigging and killed.

The police of Troy, N. Y., have discovered an organized gang who have been robbing freight cars. Eugene P. McPherson confessed, and implicated "Whit" Shaw, and John McCaffrey, both implicated in the same work. Two police officers are named as accomplices of the thieves.

Joseph Jentick and family, residing in Washington county, Texas, were killed by a falling tree. Jentick was a neighbor, and not returning, search was instituted, resulting in the finding of her body mangled beyond recognition. She had been attacked by a pack of mad dogs and literally devoured.

Another Indictment.
Cashier Spaulding of Ayer, Mass., Has Fresh Trouble.
Harold E. Spaulding, bank cashier, religious enthusiast, embezzler, and now prisoner at Fitchburg, Mass., has been indicted for embezzling \$35,000 from the First National Bank of Ayer, while the new indictment is sworn out by the trustees of the Ayer Savings Bank, and is claimed by Spaulding's friends to be persecution and not prosecution. At all events, the outcome of the new case, which is in all likelihood to be tried this month, is a matter of interest, as many believe that Spaulding's friends will be light compared with his crime. The new indictment is for embezzlement.

Since the fact of the indictment became known, Spaulding's friends have been positive in their opinions and strong in their assertions that the case would never be brought to trial, and it is an open secret that the council has been working with great haste to compromise the matter, but the savings bank trustees have been inexorable. There are reasons for their fixed purpose and rigid determination. Spaulding is now serving a year for embezzling \$35,000 from the First National Bank of Ayer, while the new indictment is sworn out by the trustees of the Ayer Savings Bank, and is claimed by Spaulding's friends to be persecution and not prosecution. At all events, the outcome of the new case, which is in all likelihood to be tried this month, is a matter of interest, as many believe that Spaulding's friends will be light compared with his crime. The new indictment is for embezzlement.

NOT YET ENDED.
Further Developments Promised in the Armor Plate Scandal.
There promises to be further developments in the armor plate scandal as far as the informers to the government living in Bradford, Pa., are concerned. One of the informers left for Washington. It is understood that he went by prearrangement to have an audience with Secretary Herbert. The purpose of the informant in going to the capital, it is understood, is to get Secretary Herbert to give the side of the informers a rehearing and to learn the prospects for a complete congressional investigation.

It is said that several of the informers were not particularly gratified at the report submitted by Secretary Herbert to the house committee; that nothing touching the fraud in armor plates has been returned to which the making and treating of the alleged defective plates could be shown, and that the entire matter was tinged in favor of the Carnegie Steel Company.

SMUGGLERS CAUGHT.

Three of a Gang Caught Red Handed.

Opium Valued at \$4000 Seized at Buffalo, N. Y.

One of the boldest bands of opium smugglers in the country has been broken up by the arrest of Charles Kennedy, George Henderson and Edward Patterson at Buffalo, N. Y. They are reputed to be three of the cleverest smugglers that operated along the Canadian and American borders. The United States authorities and the police of Buffalo, Detroit and Cleveland have been looking for them over six months.

Word reached the customs authorities that a heavy consignment of opium was on its way to Buffalo, and a sharp lookout for the smugglers. They believed the opium would probably be sent to the Chinese supply depot at No. 115 North Division street. Two of the deputies stationed themselves outside the place and awaited the arrival of the smugglers. They waited until midnight, when they saw three white men enter the yard on the side of the store and drop several suspicious looking packages down into the cellar.

The deputies swooped down on the smugglers and took them to the station house. They were identified as Charles Kennedy, alias "Lockport" Kennedy, Edward Patterson and George Henderson. The men refused to make any statement. All were well-dressed and had a good deal of money on their persons. The police and the deputies went back to the laundry and found over 400 packages of opium concealed. All was wrapped in paper and printed in Vancouver, B. C. The opium was valued at \$4,000. The duty on it would be \$12 a pound. The Chinese who run the place are named Wing Wong and Lee.

TO BOOM NEW ENGLAND.
The New England Summer Resort Association Undertakes the Work.

The committee appointed at a meeting of railroad and hotel representatives to investigate and report upon the practicability of forming an association for the purpose of the dissemination of information regarding New England summer resorts, have submitted their report. The committee recommended the establishment of the bureau as both practicable and advisable. Their report was adopted at the last general meeting, and they have been working ever since to effecting an organization and carrying forward the work.

The committee on organization was composed of J. J. Rogers, general passenger agent Boston and Maine; R. P. Baker, Portland Spring House, Maine; T. J. Walker, World's Fair Commissioner, New Hampshire; C. H. Townsend, general passenger agent New York and New England; J. P. H. Brown, general passenger agent, Concord & Montreal; R. E. Boddy, general passenger agent, Maine Central; R. P. Baker, Portland Spring House, Maine; T. J. Walker, World's Fair Commissioner, New Hampshire; C. H. Townsend, general passenger agent New York and New England; J. P. H. Brown, general passenger agent, Concord & Montreal; R. E. Boddy, general passenger agent, Maine Central.

The committee's work resulted in the organization of the New England Summer Resort Association, a voluntary organization without capital stock, and with the purpose of disseminating information regarding New England summer resorts, and to develop and maintain a bureau of information in all directions.

Any subscriber guilty of business conduct prejudicial to the credit of the association will be denied further representation in the officers desired that an announcement of representation in the bureau of the association shall carry with it assurance of fair and honorable dealing with the association.

The object of the association is to increase the summer travel to New England, by calling attention to the scenic beauties of the region, and to the numerous hotels, boarding houses, accommodations, and also to encourage all home efforts to develop sanitary science and progress in all directions.

The rates for representation of hotels and boarding houses are as follows: For one year, \$10; for two years, \$15; for three years, \$20; for four years, \$25; for five years, \$30; for six years, \$35; for seven years, \$40; for eight years, \$45; for nine years, \$50; for ten years, \$55.

The association will be a building in New York City for a term of years, and they invite subscriptions on a five years' basis, conditional upon continued proprietorship or management.

The benefits to be derived by those subscribing to this bureau are manifold. The illustration of the beauties of New England summer resorts, and the numerous hotels, boarding houses, accommodations, and also to encourage all home efforts to develop sanitary science and progress in all directions.

The rates for representation of hotels and boarding houses are as follows: For one year, \$10; for two years, \$15; for three years, \$20; for four years, \$25; for five years, \$30; for six years, \$35; for seven years, \$40; for eight years, \$45; for nine years, \$50; for ten years, \$55.

The association will be a building in New York City for a term of years, and they invite subscriptions on a five years' basis, conditional upon continued proprietorship or management.

The benefits to be derived by those subscribing to this bureau are manifold. The illustration of the beauties of New England summer resorts, and the numerous hotels, boarding houses, accommodations, and also to encourage all home efforts to develop sanitary science and progress in all directions.

The rates for representation of hotels and boarding houses are as follows: For one year, \$10; for two years, \$15; for three years, \$20; for four years, \$25; for five years, \$30; for six years, \$35; for seven years, \$40; for eight years, \$45; for nine years, \$50; for ten years, \$55.

The association will be a building in New York City for a term of years, and they invite subscriptions on a five years' basis, conditional upon continued proprietorship or management.

The benefits to be derived by those subscribing to this bureau are manifold. The illustration of the beauties of New England summer resorts, and the numerous hotels, boarding houses, accommodations, and also to encourage all home efforts to develop sanitary science and progress in all directions.

The rates for representation of hotels and boarding houses are as follows: For one year, \$10; for two years, \$15; for three years, \$20; for four years, \$25; for five years, \$30; for six years, \$35; for seven years, \$40; for eight years, \$45; for nine years, \$50; for ten years, \$55.

The association will be a building in New York City for a term of years, and they invite subscriptions on a five years' basis, conditional upon continued proprietorship or management.

The benefits to be derived by those subscribing to this bureau are manifold. The illustration of the beauties of New England summer resorts, and the numerous hotels, boarding houses, accommodations, and also to encourage all home efforts to develop sanitary science and progress in all directions.

NEW ENGLAND NEWS NOTES.

The Slatersville mill, at Providence, R. I., was started up on full time after a long period of idleness.

John Woodruff, of Winsted, Mass., shot and instantly killed himself. The cause of the act was a dispute.

The 11 resident Chinamen registered at Pittsfield, Mass., under the provisions of the city act before Deputy Collector Drew of Boston.

Charles Koller, dyer for Charles Heritage fell into a tub of boiling dye at Hampden, Mass. He was fearfully scalded, dying in the evening.

Peter George died at the hospital, Providence, R. I., from injuries received in falling from the scuttle in the storehouse of the Oriental mill. He fell a distance of 12 feet.

In the United States District Court at Boston, Martha Morrison was found guilty of having wrongfully in possession of opium and was sentenced to four months in East Cambridge jail and fined \$100.

An epidemic of typhoid fever, which broke out at Windsor, Vt., recently, has assumed alarming proportions, over 100 cases being reported. It is thought that all the cases can be traced to the pollution of the water system.

Sheriff Prevon of Hartford, Conn., is at Newport, R. I., trying to identify a military prisoner with the murder of a man named Pike, near Putnam, recently. Johnson laughs at the story.

While John Dillon, and Thomas Glennon were digging a cellar at East Boston, the banking cave in and buried the men. They were quickly dug out by the other workmen, but were found to be severely injured internally.

A second operation was performed at Providence, R. I., on Louis Gobeille, who was injured by a premature explosion. His life will be saved, but it is believed that besides the loss of the right arm he will be totally blind.

Harvard college will adopt photography to correct the roving faults of candidates for all eight-oared crews. Snap shots will be taken from the crew from the launch. The experiment will be tried during the present month's races.

Mill No. 3, belonging to the Briggs Manufacturing Company of Volunthout, a village nine miles north of Norwich, Conn., was burned to the ground. The mill was a wooden structure and run 5000 spindles in the manufacture of yarn.

Thieves broke into the stable of S. F. Tewksbury at West Berry, N. H., and took two horses, a wagon and harness. Mr. Tewksbury was aroused by the noise and frightened away the thieves, but was unable to capture them.

Donnis Hayes, Jr., 15 years old, was run over and killed by a horse car at Lexington, Me. He was riding a bicycle, and, being a beginner, is supposed to have lost control of his wheel, which ran into the car, throwing the rider under.

The town of Northampton, Mass., is greatly aroused over the actions of a grammar school teacher who has placed cayenne pepper on the tongues of disobedient pupils. The school committee upheld the action. Nine pupils have been expelled.

Charles A. Taft, treasurer of the Exchange, Mass., Savings Bank, and a prominent business man, was assaulted by Thomas Flaherty, recently discharged from the state prison. Taft was held to the ground by a severe blow in the face. Flaherty escaped.

James W. Healy fell down a flight of stairs at his home in Boston, fracturing his spinal column. Doctors and nurses attended him. The police of division 3 were notified and they found Healy lying at the bottom of the stairway. Healy was 45 years of age.

Richard Peters of Gloucester county, N. B., discovered while in Scotland, that he had been robbed of \$500 by green goods men. He went to New York to accept their offer of \$7000 for \$500. The money was given him in a box with the injunction not to open it until a certain time. When opened the box was found to be stuffed with waste paper.

Burglars broke into the postoffice at Rehoboth, Mass., and looted the place, taking about \$100 belonging to the government, and nearly all of the stamps. Postmaster J. C. Marvel discovered the break and notified state detectives and officers. The indications are that some persons familiar with the premises did the work, but as yet there is no clue to the perpetrators.

Hilbert Black, a brakeman of the N. Y. & N. H. R. R., was coupling cars in the railroad yard at Boston, when he was caught between two cars and terribly crushed. He was removed to the Massachusetts General Hospital, where he died two hours later. His parents reside in Maine.

Disastrous Explosions of Fireworks.
Eleven persons were killed and nine injured by a series of explosions in the fireworks factory of C. N. Romine & Bro. at Bradford, Va. A fire originated in the building where powder for whistle-bombs was made. The flames spread quickly and besides the fireworks destroyed trunk factory of Romine & Bro. and a large store of Bland Bros. & Wright and an unoccupied building. Total loss, \$85,000; partly insured. When the first explosion occurred Messrs. Romine, Bland and Tush rushed into the drying-room. Here a great explosion occurred and they were killed. The constant explosions caused other fatalities. A large number of girls barely saved their lives.

Coney Island's Blaze.
"The Bowery," comprised of a number of dance halls, saloons, merry-go-rounds, bathing houses, etc., along Surf avenue, Coney Island, have been destroyed by fire. The Coney Island Fire Department was quickly on the scene, but owing to a swift breeze prevailing, it was unable to do any effective work in checking the flames. It is estimated that \$200,000 worth of property at police headquarters inquired were the fact that so far as learned there were no casualties attending the fire.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.
Suspicions That C. M. Driver Came to Death by Crime.
Ever since the tragic death of Charles M. Driver and the two plumbers, who were burned to death in Mr. Driver's cottage at Squantum, Mass., there have been growing suspicions that all has not yet been explained in the case.

Indebtedness is openly alleged by the friends of the owner of the cottage, and the belief among his relatives is that it was precipitated or occasioned by some crime.

The opinion that Mr. Driver was foully betrayed is so strong that a careful investigation is being made. There are a number of circumstances hardly consistent with the theory of accidental incineration of the fire.

Articles admittedly indistinguishable which were known to have been in the house are missing. A weapon which people familiar with the premises have no hesitation in positively saying was never a part of the property of the owner has been found among the debris. A